

میرس : عفارپور

بنام ضا

$$f(t) \rightarrow F(s) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{-st} dt$$

$$u(t) \rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 1 \times e^{-st} dt = \frac{1}{s}$$

$$e^{-at} u(t) \rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-at} e^{-st} dt = \frac{1}{s+a}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t) e^{-st} dt$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t) dt = 1$$

$$kf(t) \longleftrightarrow kF(s)$$

$$f(t) = \int_0^{\infty} e^{st} \times F(s) ds$$

$$e^{-at} u(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{s+a}$$

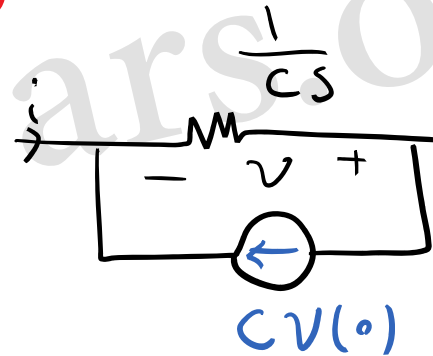
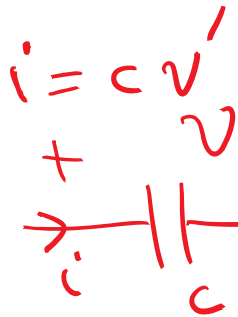
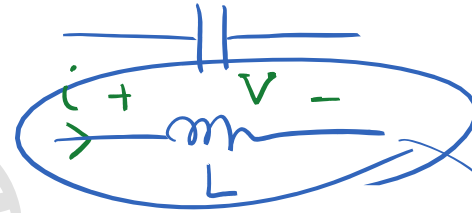
$$\underline{f(t)} + \underline{g(t)} \rightarrow F(s) + \underline{G(s)}$$

$$r u(t) + f \delta(t) \rightarrow \frac{r}{s} + r$$
$$\left(\frac{1}{s+r} \right) + \frac{r}{s} \rightarrow r u(t) + e^{-rt} u(t)$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(t) &\rightarrow F(s) \\ f'(t) &\rightarrow sF(s) - f(0) \end{aligned}$$

$$f''(t) \rightarrow s^2 F(s) - s f'(0) - f''(0)$$

$$v = L i' \Rightarrow v = L (sI - i(0)) = \underbrace{Ls}_{\text{resistor}} i - \underbrace{Li(0)}_{\text{voltage source}}$$



$$f(t-a) \longrightarrow e^{-as} F(s)$$

$$e^{at} f(t) \longrightarrow F(s-a)$$

$$f(t) \cdot g(t) \longrightarrow F(s) * G(s)$$

$$\underline{f(0)} = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} s F(s)$$

$$f(\infty) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s F(s)$$

FaraDars.org

$$\begin{aligned}\delta &\longrightarrow 1 \\ \delta' &\longrightarrow s \\ u(t) &\longrightarrow \frac{1}{s} \\ t u(t) \quad \text{or} \quad t &\longrightarrow \frac{1}{s^2} \\ e^{-at} u(t) &\longrightarrow \frac{1}{s+a} \\ \sin at &\longrightarrow \frac{a}{s^2+a^2} \\ \cos at &\longrightarrow \frac{s}{s^2+a^2}\end{aligned}$$

$$\sin \omega t \rightarrow \frac{\omega}{s^2 + \omega^2}$$

$$e^{-\alpha t} \sin \omega t \rightarrow \frac{\omega}{(s + \alpha)^2 + \omega^2} = \frac{\omega}{s^2 + 2\alpha s + \alpha^2 + \omega^2}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{\omega}{s + \alpha} \rightarrow \omega e^{-\alpha t} u(t) \rightarrow \frac{1}{s + \alpha}$$

$$\frac{rs}{F(s)(s+1)(s-r)} = \frac{A}{s+1} + \frac{B}{s-r}$$

$$A = F(s)(s+1) \Big|_{s=-1} = \frac{-r}{-r} = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$B = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\left(\frac{r}{r} e^{-t} + \frac{1}{r} e^{rt} \right) u(t)$$

$$\frac{s}{(s+1)^2(s+2)} = \frac{A}{(s+1)^2} + \frac{B}{(s+1)} + \frac{C}{s+2}$$

$$A = -1, C = -2$$

$$B = \left(\frac{s}{s+2} \right)' \bigg|_{s=-1} = \frac{s+2-s}{(s+2)^2} \bigg|_{s=-1} = 2$$

$$\frac{r s + 1}{s + 1} = \frac{r(s + 1) - 1}{s + 1} = r - \frac{1}{s + 1}$$

$\downarrow$
 $r(s + 1) - e^{-t} u(t + 1)$

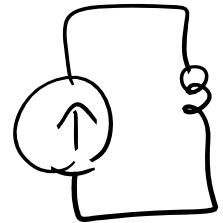
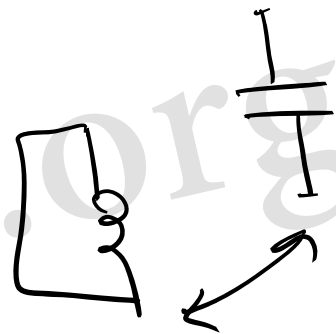
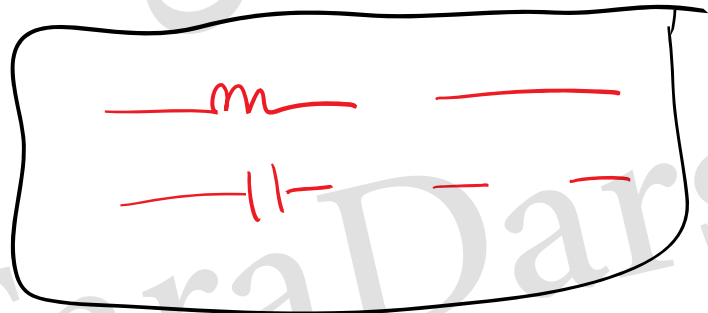
$$\frac{s^2 + 2s + 1}{s + 2} = \frac{(s^2 + 2s + 2) + s + 1}{s + 2} = s + 2 + \frac{s + 2 + 1}{s + 2}$$

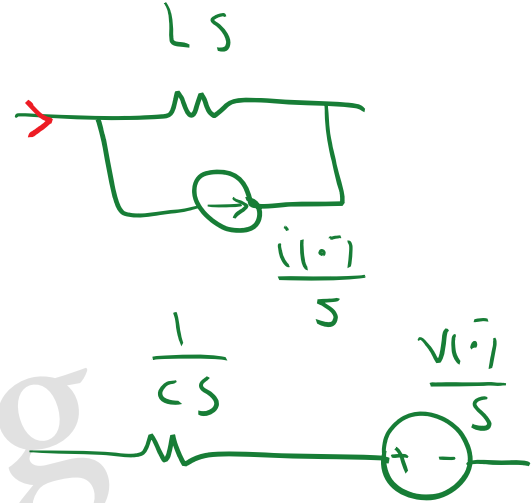
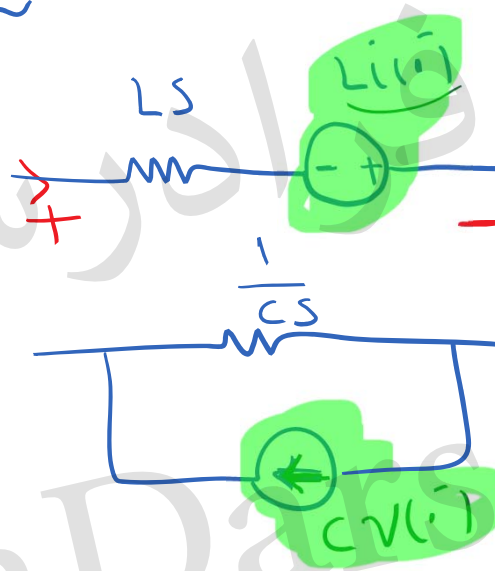
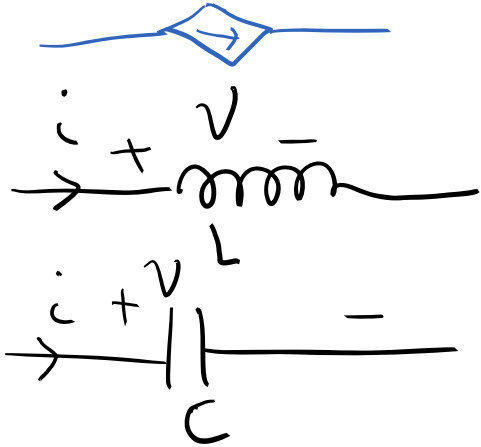
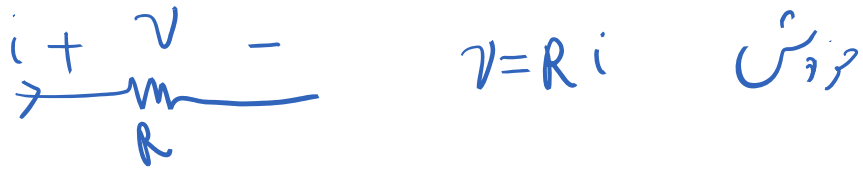
$$= s + 2 + 1 + \frac{1}{s + 2}$$

مراحل:

① شروع اولی: $t > 0$ (تغایر، تغییرات)

$t = 0$
↓
در آغاز

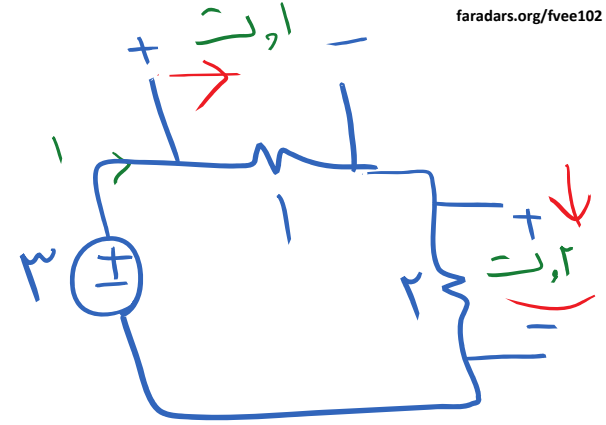
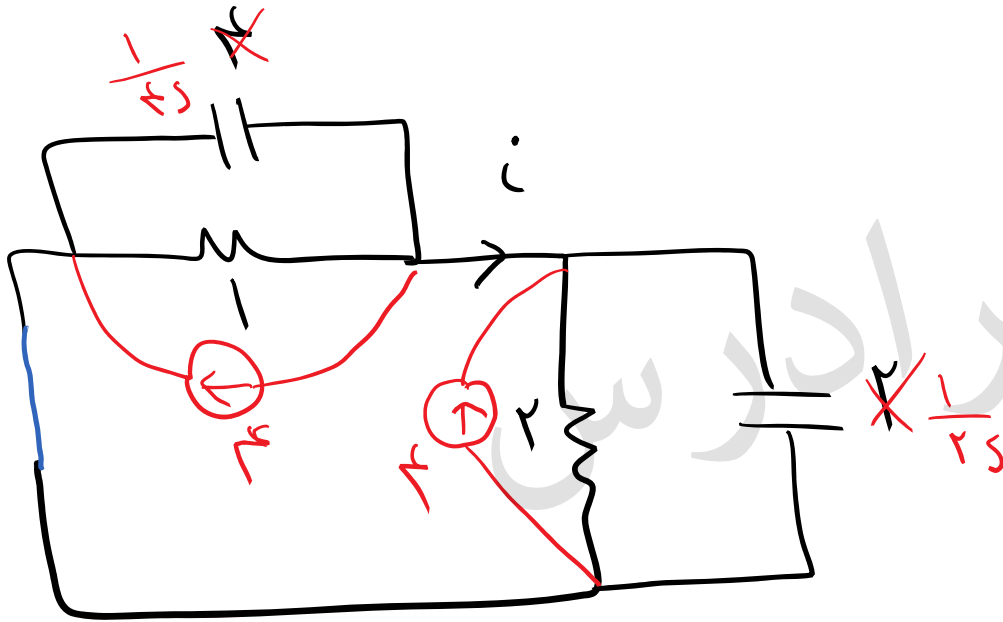




$\int_0^{\infty}$

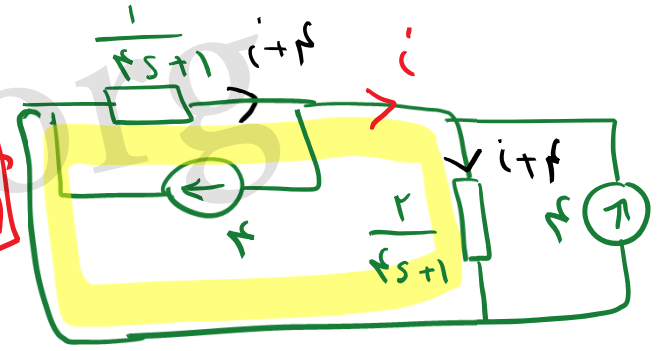
$\omega = \delta u(-t) + \delta u(t)$

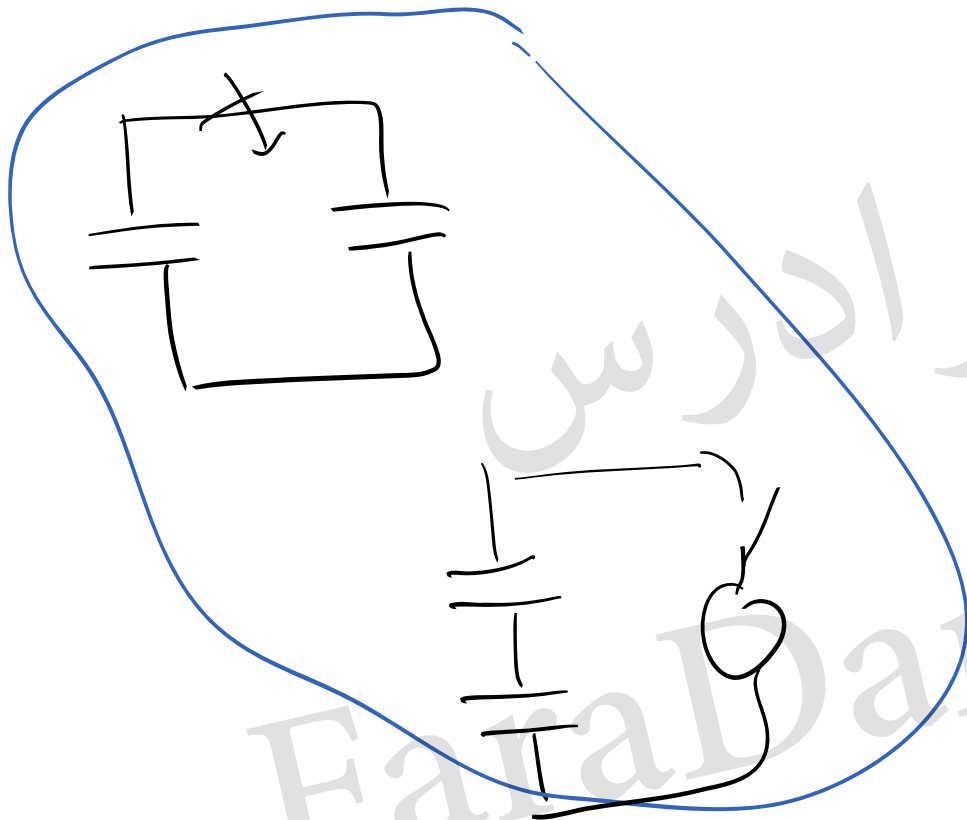
$t > 0$



$$\frac{v}{r_s + 1} (i + r) = 0 \Rightarrow i = -r$$

$$i(t) = -r \delta(t)$$



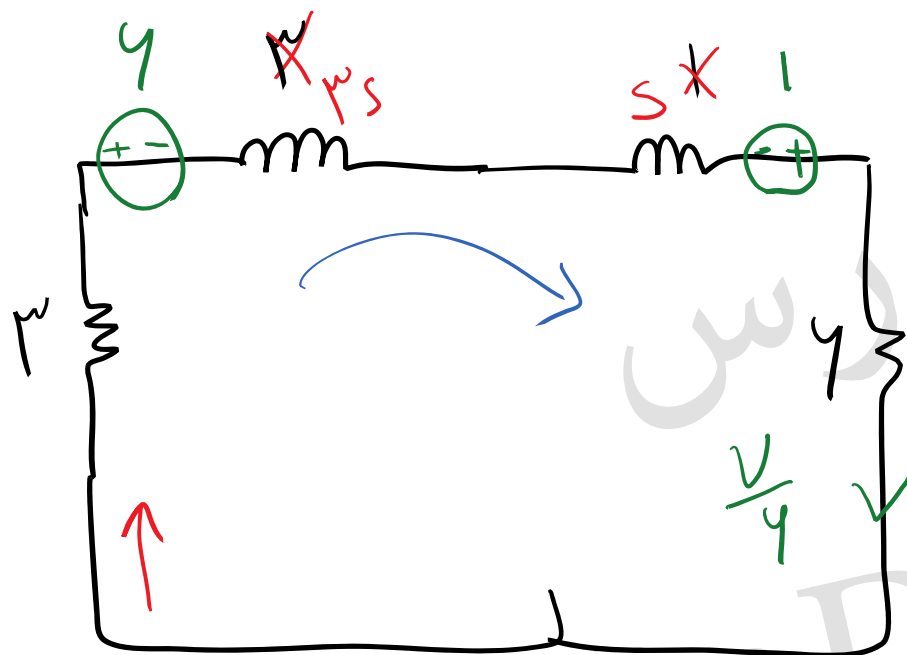


$t \gg 0$

$t = 0^+$

در دو لحظه به

Faradars.org



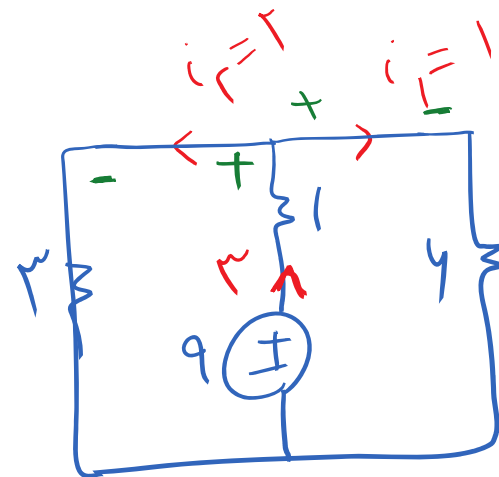
$$\frac{v}{r} + q + r s \frac{v}{y} - 1 + v = 0$$

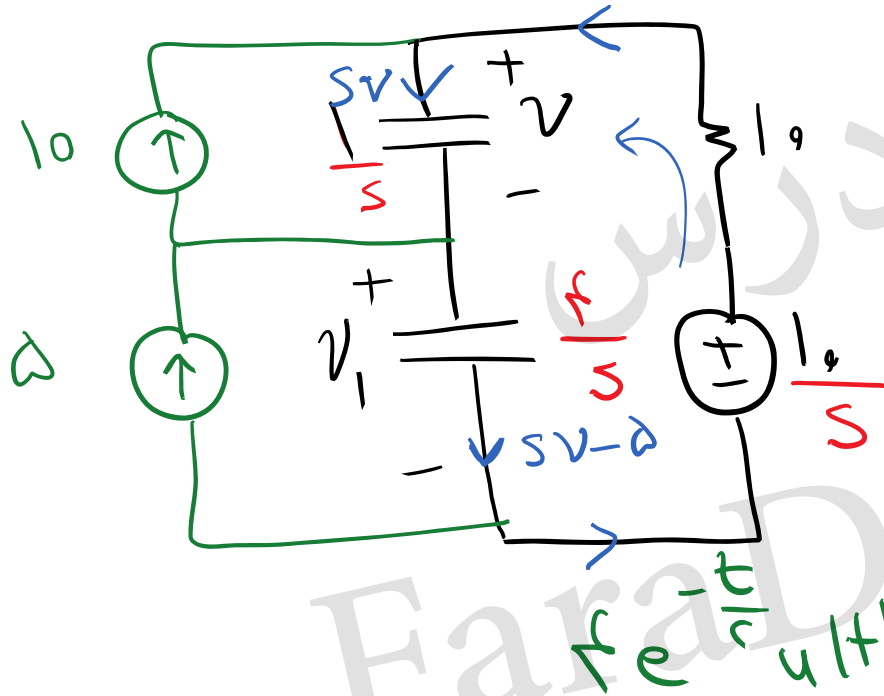
$$+ v(t)$$

-

$$v = \frac{-v_1 \delta}{s + \frac{q}{r}}$$

$$-v_1 \delta e^{-\frac{q}{r} t}$$





$$-\frac{10}{s} + 10(5v-10) + v + \frac{r}{s}(5v-0) = 0$$

$$-\frac{r_0}{s} + 105v - 100 + 2v = 0$$

$$-r + 5r v - 10s + \frac{s}{r} v = 0$$

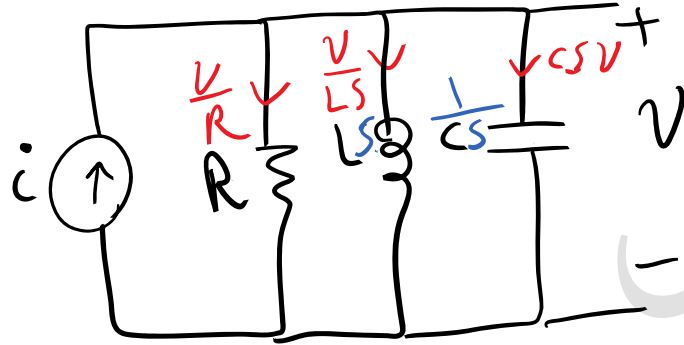
$$s(s + \frac{1}{r})v = 10s + r$$

$$v = \frac{10s + r}{s(s + \frac{1}{r})} = \frac{r}{s} + \frac{r}{s + \frac{1}{r}}$$

$4u(t)$

$$V = iX$$

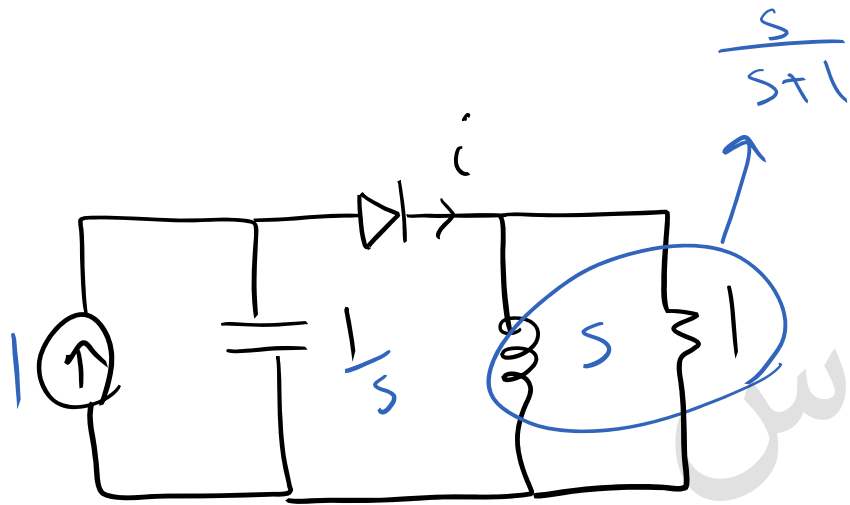
$$i = V \left(\frac{1}{R} + \frac{1}{Ls} + Cs \right)$$



$$\frac{s}{C} i = V \left(\frac{s}{Rc} + \frac{1}{Lc} + s \right)$$

$$V \left(s + \frac{s}{Rc} + \frac{1}{Lc} \right) = \frac{1}{C} s i$$

$$V'' + \frac{1}{Rc} V' + \frac{1}{Lc} V = \frac{i}{C}$$



$$i = \frac{\frac{1}{s}}{\frac{1}{s} + \frac{s}{s+1}} = \frac{s+1}{s^2 + s + 1} = \frac{s + \frac{1}{r}}{\underbrace{s^2 + s + \frac{1}{r^2}}_{\frac{r^2}{4}} + \frac{1}{r^2}}$$

$$= \frac{(s + \frac{1}{r}) + \frac{1}{r}}{(s + \frac{1}{r})^2 + \frac{r^2}{4}} = \frac{s + \frac{1}{r}}{(s + \frac{1}{r})^2 + \frac{r^2}{4}} + \frac{\frac{1}{r}}{(s + \frac{1}{r})^2 + \frac{r^2}{4}}$$

$e^{-bt} f(t) \rightarrow F(s+b)$

$e^{-bt} \cos at \rightarrow \frac{s+b}{(s+b)^2 + a^2}$

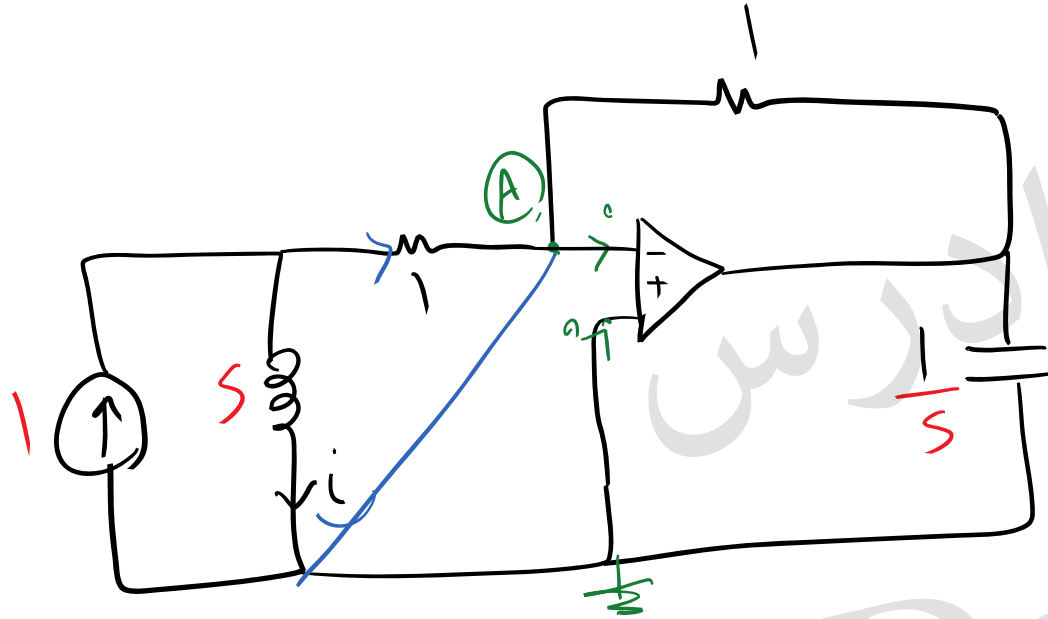
$$\cos \frac{\sqrt{c}}{r} t + \frac{1}{\sqrt{c}} \sin \frac{\sqrt{c}}{r} t = 0 \Rightarrow \tan \frac{\sqrt{c}}{r} t = -\sqrt{c}$$

$\alpha = \frac{r\pi}{c}$

$$e^{-\frac{t}{r}} \cos \frac{\sqrt{c}}{r} t + \frac{1}{\sqrt{c}} e^{-\frac{t}{r}} \sin \frac{\sqrt{c}}{r} t$$

$$t = \frac{r\pi}{r\sqrt{c}}$$

پہلے حالتِ سہم:



$$C = \frac{1}{1+s}$$
$$i(t) = e^{-t} u(t)$$

FaraDars.org

$$f(t) \times g(t) \rightarrow f(s) * G(s)$$

ضربه $\leftarrow t$

در $t=0$

FaraDars.org

این اسلاید ها بر مبنای نکات مطرح شده در فرادرس

«آموزش مدارهای الکتریکی ۲»
تهیه شده است.

برای کسب اطلاعات بیشتر در مورد این آموزش به لینک زیر مراجعه نمایید
faradars.org/fvee102